

# EMERGENCY PROCEDURES MANUAL

**CAMPUS SAFETY | EXT 6605 | CSI.EDU/SECURITY** 

**POST IN PUBLIC VIEW** 

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# **CAMPUS SAFETY**

The College of Southern Idaho (CSI) is committed to the safety and security of all members of the campus community.

This Emergency Handbook is intended to serve as a quick reference for efficient action during an emergency and to assist students, faculty, staff, and visitors in responding to and managing emergency situations appropriately.

This Emergency Handbook should be kept in an easily accessible location at all times. Everyone should take the time to read and become familiar with the contents of the Emergency Handbook before an emergency occurs.

In times of emergency, CSI will provide appropriate campus-wide response to assure life safety and minimize losses through a variety of means:

- CSI's emergency alert system (CSI Alerts).
- CSI website.
- Local media.

Faculty should inform students at the beginning of each semester about the Emergency Handbook, evacuation procedures, and the location of evacuation maps and other immediate safety measures regarding their specific area.

Refer all media inquiries to the Public Information Officer, at 208.732.6333.

### INTRODUCTION

# **EARTHQUAKES**

Since earthquake magnitude cannot be predetermined, everyone must initiate emergency precautions within a few seconds after the initial tremor is felt, assuming the worst possible case. The best protection during an earthquake is to take precautions before it occurs (e.g., secure or remove objects above you that could fall during an earthquake).

### **DURING AN EARTHQUAKE:**

- Remain calm.
- 2. If indoors:
  - Seek refuge under a desk or table or in a doorway and hold on.
  - Stay away from windows, shelves, and heavy equipment.
  - Do not use elevators. An elevator may become inoperative and a trap.
- 3. If outdoors:
  - Move quickly away from buildings, utility poles, overhead wires, and other structures. CAUTION: Avoid downed power or utility lines as they may be energized.
  - Do not attempt to enter buildings until you are advised to do so by the proper authorities.
- 4. If in an automobile:
  - Stop in the safest place available as quickly as safety permits, preferably in an open area away from power lines and trees.
  - Stay in the vehicle for the shelter it provides.

### **EARTHQUAKES**

### **AFTER THE INITIAL SHOCK:**

- 1. Be prepared for aftershocks. Aftershocks are usually less intense than the main quake, but can cause further structural damage.
- 2. Protect yourself at all times.
- 3. Evaluate the situation and call 911 for emergency assistance, if necessary.
- 4. Do not use lanterns, torches, lighted cigarettes, or open flames, since gas leaks could be present
- 5. Open windows, etc., to ventilate the building. Watch out for broken glass.
- 6. If a fire is caused by the earthquake, implement the Fire Procedures.
- 7. Determine if anyone has been trapped in elevators or by falling objects. If so, call 911 and then Campus Safety at 208.732.6605.
- 8. If the structural integrity appears to be deteriorating rapidly, evacuate the building.

# WINTER STORMS

CSI will make every attempt to maintain normal operations for the benefit of its students, faculty, and staff. Severe weather conditions may require CSI to close for a period of time. The decision to close campus and cancel classes is made by the administration based on careful consideration of a variety of factors and conditions.

### If CSI decides to close the campus and cancel classes:

- 1. Notifications will be sent using the CSI Alert which includes notification by email, text, and voice message.
- 2. The information will also be posted on CSI's website at www.CSI.edu and communicated to the local television and radio stations, and will be periodically updated.
- 3. The decision to close CSI applies to all campuses, off-campus centers, and sites.
- 4. Every effort will be made to ensure decisions on morning closures are communicated by 6:30 a.m., and decisions to close for night classes are communicated.

CSI serves a large area and recognizes that every employee and student has his/ her unique circumstances associated with the weather. Employees and students must assume responsibility for their own safety, and must use their own judgment regarding whether they should drive to CSI under varying weather conditions.

# TORNADOES

Tornadoes are capable of tremendous destruction with wind speeds of 250 mph or more. Damage paths can be in excess of one mile wide and 50 miles long. Tornados may occur with little or no advance warning or siren activation.

A tornado watch is issued when atmospheric conditions are favorable for the formation of tornadoes in a given area. Under these conditions, keep informed by listening to radio or television. A tornado warning indicates that a tornado has been sighted and poses a definite threat to a given area. (continued on other side)

### WINTER STORMS | TORNADOES

### Possible signs of a tornado are:

- 1. Dark, often greenish sky.
- 2. Large hail.
- 3. Loud roar, similar to a train.
- 4. Cloud of debris (the tornado may not be visible).
- 5. Wind becomes calm and still.
- 6. Frequent lightning.
- 7. Tornadoes generally occur near the trailing edge of a storm.

### Before a tornado:

- 1. Locate an accessible basement or corridor in your building.
- 2. Stay informed through local media sources on days when severe weather is expected.
- 3. Obtain a National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) weather radio with a warning alarm tone and battery back-up to receive warnings.
- 4. Keep a reliable flashlight in your office/work area.

### **During a tornado:**

- 1. Proceed to the basement of any building that has a basement or sub walk. Position yourself in the safest portion of the area away from glass. Be prepared to kneel facing a wall and cover your head.
- 2. In high-rise (four stories or more) buildings, vacate the top floor and move to a lower floor or to the basement. Position yourself in an interior corridor away from glass. Be prepared to kneel facing the wall and cover your head.
- 3. Occupants of wood-frame or brick buildings with wood floors should leave the building and go directly to a more substantial concrete building, preferably with a basement.

Tune to the Emergency Alert System station on your radio or television for further information. Remain in place until police, fire, or other emergency response officials tell you it is safe to leave, or until information is announced through radio or television broadcasts alerting you that it is safe to leave.

# **PANDEMIC**

CSI will follow recommendations made by the Centers for Disease Control and the appropriate health district (whose links can be found on the back page of this Handbook). CSI will utilize CSI Alerts, CSI webpage, and/or special pandemic dashboards to share information about health hazards, control measures, and the impact they will have on campus operations. Specific Pandemic Working Groups will be established as needed.

### **EARLY STAGES OF A PANDEMIC:**

# Awareness and training efforts to reinforce key prevention measures to control the spread of disease:

- Monitor campus updates for information on vaccinations, precautions, and policy/ procedure changes that result from a flu/pandemic outbreak on campus.
- Wash your hands often with soap and warm water-especially before eating and after you cough or sneeze. If soap and water are not available, use an alcohol-based hand gel.
- Cover your nose and mouth with a tissue when you cough or sneeze. Throw the tissue in the trash after you use it. If a tissue is not available, cough into your shirtsleeve.
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose, or mouth. Germs spread that way.
- Do NOT share your food, drink, or utensils with others.
- Avoid close contact with sick people. Onset of symptoms can take up to three days after you've been exposed to the virus.
- If you become sick, stay home and avoid contact with others until you've been symptom free for twenty-four hours. A mild, lingering cough may occur and, as long as there are no other flu symptoms, this shouldn't prevent proceeding with your normal activities.

(continued on other side)

#### **PANDEMIC**

### **PROGRESSION OF PANDEMIC:**

### The campus will institute other procedures to limit the spread of disease such as:

- Social distancing procedures which may include restricting face to face meetings in favor of alternate
  communication means, restrictions on public gatherings, increase in use of remote delivery of instruction and
  telecommuting, and any other procedures that reduce exposure.
- Travel restrictions and cancellations based on warnings from the U.S. State Department travel advisory system.
- Additional procedures and protocols such as availability of sanitization and protective equipment and supplies, additional sanitization/cleaning protocols for the facility and individuals, and the utilization of contract tracing may be implemented depending upon the effects of the pandemic on the campus community.
- Finally, it may become necessary to suspend campus operations to critical support functions until the threat has passed.

# **HAZARDOUS MATERIAL SPILL**

Location, quantity, concentration, and other factors affect how a spill will be handled. All laboratory personnel should be prepared to assist with hazardous material spills within the building and their area. Steps should be taken to restrain all chemical containers and gas cylinders against the effects of a natural disaster. They should also be familiar with the provisions of the Chemical Hygiene plan.

### In the event of a hazardous material spill:

- 1. Alert others in the area about the spill, tell them to leave the area for a small spill or leave the building for a large spill
- 2. If you are not trained in responding to chemical spills, leave the area as well.
- 3. Close off the area as much as possible to avoid any exposure.
- 4. Notify Campus Safety at 208.732.6605 and provide the following:
- Location of the spill.
- Name and type of chemical, if possible.
- Quantity of chemical, if possible.
- Extent of the problem.
- Your name.
- Phone number from which you are calling.
- Your location.
- 5. Notify the lab supervisor who will make the determination of whether or not to call 911.

### When notified of an external environmental hazard:

- 1. Follow Shelter In Place procedures. These will be communicated via the CSI Alert system.
- 2. Monitor local media, CSI website, and the internet for updates, instructions and recommended actions. (continued on other side)

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL SPILL

If c	mass evacuation or relocation order is issued, await instructions by emergency ponders and follow the instructions exactly as provided.
1.	Chack for individuals who may be needing assistance
	Check for individuals who may be needing assistance.
2.	Report injuries to emergency personnel.
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# **HOSTAGE SITUATIONS**

Hostage situations must be carefully evaluated. The safety of hostage(s). employees, students, and others is the most important consideration in any hostage situation.

### If you are a witness:

- 1. Call 911 then Campus Safety 208.732.6605.
- 2. If possible, secure the area.
- 3. Wait for assistance.
- 4. Stay clear of the hostage area.

### If you are a hostage:

- 1. Remain calm.
- 2. Speak calmly with the hostage-taker.
- 3. Follow the hostage-taker's instructions.
- 4. Do not antagonize or challenge the hostage taker
- 5. Calmly inform the hostage-taker of any special needs of yourself or others.
- 6. Keep a distance between yourself and the hostage-taker, if possible.
- 7. Do not make any sudden moves; ask permission before moving around.
- 8. Try to keep others calm.
- 9. Speak to others in a calm voice.
- 10. Use time as a tool to defuse the situation.
- 11. Wait for help to arrive.
- 12. Make mental notes of everything you see and hear.
- 13. Do exactly as instructed by rescuers when they arrive. This may include being treated as a suspected hostage-taker, as they sometimes attempt to disguise themselves as hostages.

These actions are to protect hostages and ensure everyone is evacuated safely.

**HOSTAGE SITUATIONS | SUICIDE THREATS | THREAT REPORTING** 

# SUICIDE THREAT OR ATTEMPT

The threat of suicide should never be taken lightly and should be reported immediately. It is not uncommon for a suicide threat to culminate into real danger to others and those who are trying to assist. Respond to a suicide threat or attempt by calling for assistance immediately and remaining calm when communicating with the person(s) in crisis.

### If someone has threatened suicide:

- Do not leave them alone.
- Notify Campus Safety at 208.732.6605 and CSI Student Mental Health Counselor at 208.732.6260 immediately.
- Call Idaho Suicide Hotline at 1.800.273.8255. If after hours, call 911.
- Call Region V Adult Mental Health Services at 208.736.2177.
- Ask Campus Safety for qualified personnel (medical or counseling) to respond immediately to the location.

### Make every effort to:

- Protect individual(s) from becoming unintended victims.
- Protect individuals from witnessing a traumatic event.
- Remain with the person(s) who is/are threatening suicide if it is practical and safe to do so.

# THREAT REPORTING

CSI is committed to providing a safe learning/work environment free from violence or threats of violence. CSI will not tolerate any form of violence in the learning/workspace including verbal or physical threats.

A threat is defined as: any statement or action which clearly communicates or which a reasonable person would interpret as, a threat or intent to commit an act of violence regardless of the method of communication.

If the threat constitutes an emergency situation involving the imminent threat of bodily harm, the victim should contact 911 and Campus Safety at 208.732.6605 immediately.

If the threat is not an emergent nature and involves a student, a Student Misconduct form should be submitted to the Dean of Students. This form is available on the CARE and Student Conduct webpage.

If the non-emergent threat involves an employee, CSI Human Resources should be contacted. CSI has established a Threat Assessment Team to formalize the process by which CSI addresses real and possible threats to students, employees and/or property.

If you discover a water leak, gas leak or other major utility failure, call Campus Safety at 208.732.6605. Do not attempt to correct the problem on your own. Campus Safety will notify the necessary personnel for further action.

# **ELECTRICAL/LIGHT FAILURE**

At present, some buildings may not be equipped with emergency lighting or the emergency lighting may not provide sufficient illumination for safe exiting. It is recommended that you keep a flashlight in your office/work area. Call Campus Safety at 208.732.6605 if you need an escort from the building.

# PLUMBING FAILURE/FLOOD/WATER LEAK

Cease using all electrical equipment. Call Campus Safety at 208.732.6605. Provide the information if you know the source of the leak or discover leaking water. Attempt to isolate the area so that others do not enter.

## **ELEVATOR FAILURE**

If you become trapped in an elevator, use the emergency telephone or activate the elevator emergency bell within the elevator car. If you hear an elevator bell, please take the following actions (Most elevators on campus are equipped with an emergency telephone).

- 1. Call Campus Safety at 208.732.6605.
- 2. Never climb out of an elevator when it is stopped between floors.
- 3. Elevators have mechanical safety brakes that will operate in all situations, even during power failures.
- 4. The activation of an elevator smoke detector will cause building elevators to return non-stop to the main floor and lock with the doors open. Never use an elevator to evacuate a building.

POWER FAILURE | WATER FAILURE | ELEVATOR FAILURE

# FIRE OR EXPLOSION

In the event of an explosion or similar emergency, take the following action:

- 1. Evacuate the area as soon as it is safe to do so following established Building Evacuation Procedures.
- 2. If evacuation is not possible, immediately take cover under tables, desks, etc., for protection from falling glass or debris.

If possible, call 911 then Campus Safety at 208.732.6605 to advise of your location for rescue.

### **BEFORE A FIRE:**

- 1. Know the location of fire extinguishers, fire exits, and fire alarm pull station systems and know how to use them.
- 2. Be aware of flammable or corrosive chemicals stored in your building.
- 3. Locate designated evacuation areas that are for wheelchair users and others with disabilities.

### IN CASE OF A FIRE, AND IF SAFE TO DO SO:

- 1. Activate the nearest fire alarm at the pull station, or shout the alarm as you evacuate the building.
- 2. Call 911 and then Campus Safety at 208.732.6605, and:
- 3. Evacuate the building following the established Building Evacuation Procedures.

### THINGS TO REMEMBER:

- 1. Attempt rescue efforts ONLY if there is no immediate danger to you.
- 2. Attempt to extinguish a fire ONLY if there is no immediate danger to you.
- Stop, Drop, and Roll any person whose clothing has caught fire.
- 4. Smother the flames on a person by wrapping them in a heavy fabric and rolling them on the ground.
- 5. If you use a fire extinguisher:
  - Pull safety pin from handle
  - Aim at base of the fire(s).
  - Squeeze the trigger handle.
  - Sweep from side to side. (continued on other side)

FIRE | EXPLOSION

- 6. Walk quickly to the nearest marked exit and ask others to do the same.
- 7. Do not use elevators during an emergency evacuation. An elevator may become inoperative and a trap.
- 8. Stay low to the ground, especially if smoke is present.
- 9. Do not re-enter the building until the "ALL CLEAR" is given by the fire department or Campus Safety.

### IF YOU BECOME TRAPPED IN A BUILDING DURING A FIRE:

- 1. Stay calm and take steps to protect yourself.
- 2. If possible, move to a room with an outside window.
- 3. Call 911 and notify them of your location and situation. Do this even if you can see fire department personnel from the window.
- 4. Stay where rescuers can see you through the window and wave a light-colored item to attract their attention.
- 5. Stuff clothing, towels, or paper around the cracks in the door to help keep smoke out of your refuge
- 6. Be patient. Rescue of occupants within large structures will take time.

# SUSPICIOUS OBJECT OR BOMB THREAT

All bomb threats must be treated as a serious matter. To ensure the safety of the faculty, staff, students, and the general public, bomb threats must be considered real until proven otherwise. In most cases, bomb threats are meant to disrupt normal activities.

The procedures described below should be implemented regardless of whether the bomb threat appears real or not.

### If a suspicious object or potential bomb is discovered:

- 1. Do not handle the object.
- Evacuate the area.
- 3. Call 911 from a safe distance then Campus Safety at 208.732.6605 and report incident.
- 4. Provide the location and appearance of the object when reporting.
- 5. If possible, make a list of all people who were in the area when the suspicious item was recognized and provide the list to Campus Safety or the police for follow-up actions.

If a bomb threat has been phoned in, remain calm, do not antagonize or challenge the caller, keep the caller talking as long as possible, ask the caller the following questions and record the answers:

- 1. When is the bomb going to explode?
- 2. Where is the bomb located?
- 3. What kind of bomb is it?
- 4. What does it look like?
- 5. Did you place the bomb? If so, why?
- 6. Name, address, date of birth and sex of caller?

Take notes regarding the speech pattern, accent, possible nationality, etc., the emotional state of caller, whether or not there is background noise. If possible, have another person call 911 and then Campus Safety at 208.732.6605.

SUSPICIOUS OBJECT | BOMB THREAT

# MISSING PERSON

The safety of students, staff and faculty is a high priority at the College of Southern Idaho. To this end, CSI will take appropriate action to determine the whereabouts/status of individuals who based upon the facts and circumstances known to the college are determined to be missing. Most missing person reports in a college environment result from individuals changing their routines without informing their friends, colleagues, or family of the change.

Anyone who believes that a person is missing should contact the Dean of Students (for students) or Human Resources (for employees). Every report made to the college will be followed up with an immediate investigation. Campus Safety will assist the Dean of Students or Human Resources as circumstances dictate.

# When reporting a possible missing person, the following information should be provided by the reporting party:

- 1. Name and relationship of the person making the report.
- 2. The date, time, and location where the missing person was last seen.
- 3. The general routine or habits of the suspected missing person. Any friends, family or coworkers that may have knowledge of the person's whereabouts.
- 4. The missing person's cell phone number and any personal email addresses, if known.

Upon notification that a person might be missing, CSI will use a number of resources to assist in locating the individual. Once all information is collected, and all available leads followed, CSI may contact the appropriate agency to conduct a welfare check on the individual or open a Missing Persons case if appropriate. If any indication of foul play is generated during the CSI internal inquiry, the appropriate police agency will be contacted immediately.

MISSING PERSON

# CIVIL DISTURBANCE OR DEMONSTRATION

A college is a diverse environment and should serve as a forum for the expression of views within the limitations of lawful conduct.

### Peaceful, non-disruptive demonstrations:

- 1. Contact Campus Safety at 208.732.6605.
- 2. Demonstrations of this kind should not be obstructed or provoked.
- 3. Efforts should be made to conduct college business as normally as possible.

### Non-violent, disruptive demonstrations:

- 1. Contact Campus Safety at 208.732.6605.
- 2. The College administration will be responsible for notifying the demonstrators that disruptive conduct will not be tolerated.
- 3. Demonstrators who persist in the disruptive activity will be notified that their actions may result in disciplinary action, including suspension, expulsion, or possible intervention by Campus Safety or local law enforcement.
- 4. If the disruptive activities continue, the College administration will notify local law enforcement for assistance.

### Violent, disruptive demonstrations:

1. In the event that a violent demonstration, where injury to persons or damage to property appears imminent, call 911 then Campus Safety at 208.732.6605.

If the demonstrators move into a building, do not provoke them in any way. Attempt to secure yourself in an office or classroom. Call Campus Safety at 208.732.6605.

**CIVIL DISTURBANCE | DEMONSTRATION** 

# CRIME OR VIOLENT BEHAVIOR

The College of Southern Idaho is committed to creating and maintaining an environment that is free from criminal acts and/or violent behavior.

Acts of violence and aggression include verbal or physical actions, whether intentional or reckless, that create fear or apprehension of, or actual bodily harm or threaten the physical safety of a member of our campus community. Examples of such behavior would include:

- Any act which is physically assaulting
- Behavior or actions that a reasonable person would perceive as having the potential for violence.
- Any act that threatens harm to another person or damage to property
- Domestic Violence/Dating Violence/Stalking/Sexual Assault/Kidnapping

Should a violent or criminal act occur, immediately get to a safe place and call 911 for assistance and follow-up when safe with a call to Campus Safety at 208.732.6605. In the spirit of "SEE SOMETHING -SAY SOMETHING", if you encounter a situation on campus involving a suspicious activity or person(s) that are not of an emergency nature, again notify Campus Safety at 208.732.6605 so that preventative measures can be taken.

**CRIME OR VIOLENT BEHAVIOR** 

# LIFE THREATENING EMERGENCIES

### In case of an emergency:

- 1. Call 911 and follow closely any instructions received.
- 2. State: "This is an emergency." Then give the dispatcher the following information:
  - The nature of the emergency.
  - Your name.
  - The phone number from which you are calling.
  - Your location.
- 3. Do not hang up until you are sure no further information is needed.
- 4. If possible, also notify Campus Safety at 208.732.6605.
- 5. Complete an Accident/Incident Report (found at CSI.edu ) and submit it to Risk Management electronically or in hard-copy within 24 hours of the incident.

LIFE THREATENING EMERGENCIES

# MEDICAL EMERGENCIES

Responding EMS in conjunction with the victim will make a decision as to the best course of treatment and or transport to a medical facility. If the medical emergency is not urgent, the individual should be encouraged to seek medical assistance. The victim should report the incident using the Accident/Incident Report found at www. CSI.edu. Complete and submit the form following the instructions provided, within twenty-four (24) hours of the incident/accident, or as soon as practical.

### In case of accident, injury or serious illness:

- 1. Assess the situation.
  - Determine whether it is an emergency.
  - If so, call 911.
  - If it is not an emergency, assess the situation and call Campus Safety at 208.732.6605.
  - Stay with the person until the proper authorities arrive.
- 2. Provide first aid (per your discretion) and utilize available first aid kit.
  - If possible wear personal protective equipment.
  - Stay with the person until the proper authorities arrive

# **BODILY FLUID PRECAUTIONS**

Bodily fluid precautions should be considered during emergency response and first aid treatment. All bodily fluids (blood, vomit, urine, feces, saliva, etc.) have the potential to infect people with diseases such as Hepatitis A, B, and/or C, as well as Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV). Bodily fluid spill kit should be located next to or in the first aid kits

### Take special precautions when dealing with bodily fluids:

- 1. Call Campus Safety at 208.732.6605.
- 2. Campus Safety will arrange for safe clean up and disposal procedures.
- 3. Avoid getting another person's fluids in your eyes, mouth, open sores, or wounds.
- 4. If exposed, rinse the affected area immediately and wash with soap and water.
- 5. Promptly report the exposure to your immediate supervisor.
- 6. If a spill of blood or body fluid contaminates clothing, furniture, or anything else, securely isolate those items to prevent exposure to unknowing persons in the area.
- 7. Secure the area so that others do not become contaminated.

# ASSISTING INDIVIDUALS WITH A DISABILITY DURING AN EMERGENCY

CSI recognizes that individuals with disabilities may require assistance with alerting, evacuating, and sheltering in the event of an emergency. An individual needing or desiring special assistance in an emergency should self-identify themselves to the CSI Office of Disability Services.

Students should call Student Affairs at 208.732.6289 or 208.732.6229. Employees should contact Human Resources at 208.732.6271.

Once an individual has self-identified, CSI Student Affairs, Human Resources and Environmental Safety and Health will work with the individual to develop a personal emergency plan that includes specific evacuation procedures, sheltering procedures and means of communication in the event of an emergency.

A copy of the plan will be maintained in the student's/employee's personnel file and in the Environmental Safety and Health Office.

### Pre-Emergency Preparedness by the Student/Staff Member with a Disability

- Discuss your concerns and options with Disability Services-They will assist in the development of your safety plan and engage appropriate campus partners in that support
- Bring to the attention of your faculty members the extent of assistance that you may need in case of an emergency. It is your responsibility to make your needs known.
- Become familiar with all emergency exits and evacuation routes in the buildings that you frequent.
- If you have difficulty speaking loudly or have a voice/speech impairment, you should carry a whistle or have other means of attracting attention from others

### **Deafness or Hearing Impairment**

- Depending on the level of hearing impairment, individuals with impaired hearing may or may not be able to hear an emergency alarm. Most fire alarms under current code also must have a flashing strobe light for that reason.
- An alternative warning technique may be used to gain the attention of such individuals. Using hand gestures, pointing to the flashing light or the use of written notes should be used to describe the emergency.

If the person with a disability has a service animal, let the person with the disability control the animal. Do not separate the animal from the disabled person

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### **Mobility Impairment**

- A wheelchair evacuation should only be attempted by a trained professional or unless it becomes necessary as a last resort in a life-threatening situation.
- If located on an upper floor, individuals may be assisted to a stairwell landing (Area of Refuge) to await evacuation or further instructions from emergency response personnel.
- If individuals can walk with assistance, a "buddy" should accompany the individual.
- Notify emergency response personnel of the location of the person and the type of assistance needed.
- Ensure a clear path of travel for the individual. Move debris or obstacles if possible.

### **Blindness or Visual Impairment**

- The person with a disability should wait for assistance from someone who can act as guide.
- If possible, someone should follow from behind to protect the individual from being pushed down in a crowd.
- Tell the person the nature of the emergency and its location and offer to guide the individual by offering an elbow. Do NOT grasp a visually impaired persons arm.
- The person assisting should give verbal instructions as to where they are and advise of any obstacles as they evacuate the building.
- Once at a safe location, orient the individual as to the location and inquire if any further assistance is needed before leaving the location.

# **EMERGENCY RESPONSE**

### There are five basic response actions in an emergency:

- 1. Active Shooter Protocol.
- 2. Evacuate.
- 3. Lockdown.
- Lockout.
- 5. Shelter in Place.

These actions are initiated via the CSI Alert System.

When an emergency arises near CSI (fire, car crash, chemical spill, etc.), follow instructions from Campus Safety, CSI Alerts or public first responders.

If you are evacuated from a building, proceed to the designated safe assembly area. If the area is unsafe or blocked due to the emergency, proceed to an alternate area.

Occupants should report to faculty/staff at the assembly area to be accounted for as having evacuated safely; also report any knowledge you may have of missing persons or those located in an Area of Refuge. Maintain a safe distance from the event.

Blue light emergency telephones are located at various campus locations. You should become familiar with where these emergency phones are located.

### These telephones have two buttons:

- 1. Information button that will call Campus Safety.
- 2. Emergency button that will call 911.

# **ACTIVE SHOOTER**

Utilize the "RUN, HIDE, FIGHT" process for responding to an active shooter situation. An active shooter is an individual actively engaged in killing or attempting to kill people in a confined area. There are three basic options: RUN, HIDE, or FIGHT. Quickly determine the most reasonable way to protect your own life.

# **RUN - GET OUT:** If an escape route is accessible, attempt to evacuate the premises. Be sure to:

- Have an escape route and plan in mind.
- Evacuate regardless of other's decisions to stay or follow.
- Leave belongings behind.
- Assist others escaping, if possible.
- Prevent individuals from entering the area where the active shooter may be, WARN people.
- Keeps hands visible to law enforcement.
- Follow law enforcement instructions.

DO NOT attempt to move wounded individuals. Call 911 when conditions are safe.

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### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE | ACTIVE SHOOTER**

### **HIDE OUT - BARRICADE:**

Find a place to hide where an active shooter is less likely to find you.

- -Your hiding place should:
- Be out of the shooter's line of sight or view.
- Provide protection if shots are fired in your direction (i.e. closed and locked door of office or closet).
- Not trap you or restrict options for movement should the situation change.
- -To help prevent an active shooter from entering your hiding place:
- Remove the door magnet, pull the door strap, or utilize other methods to lock the doors.
- Barricade the door if possible with available items (i.e. heavy furniture, etc.).
- -If the active shooter is within your vicinity:
- Lock the door.
- Silence all cell phones, pagers, radios, or other devices, etc.
- Turn off sources of noise such as TVs, radios, etc.
- Conceal yourself behind large objects such as book cases, desks, etc.
- Remain silent, limit movement which creates noise.
- Do not evacuate if the fire alarm is activated unless you see a fire, smell smoke or directed to do so by emergency responders.

### FIGHT - TAKE OUT the active shooter

Take last resort measures for survival when facing imminent injury or death. Attempt to disrupt and/or incapacitate the active shooter by:

- 1. Acting aggressively towards the shooter; engaging in a physical attack
- 2. Throwing items or using improvised weapons.
- 3. Yelling.
- 4. Staying committed to your actions. Do not let up until shooter is incapacitated or disrupted. Become familiar with all emergency exits and evacuation routes in the buildings that you frequent.

The three actions described above are not meant to be followed in sequential order. Take whatever course of action that is dictated by the situation and your personal convictions. You may need to change your actions as the situation progresses. Maintain your situational awareness.

# **EVACUATION**

Evacuations occur when buildings are unsafe due to fire or other conditions.

A building evacuation will occur when an alarm sounds continuously and/or upon notification by emergency personnel or a CSI Alert. Be aware of people with disabilities in your area who might require assistance in an emergency evacuation. Building evacuation maps including safe assembly areas are located on each floor of each building.

- You should become familiar with their location and content. Be prepared to render assistance, if necessary.
- Elevators should NOT be used in an evacuation unless instructed by emergency personnel as it may become inoperative and a trap.
- In the event of an evacuation, students who are unable to exit the building on their own should remain near the stairwell or the elevator. These areas of refuge are marked on the Building Evacuation Maps. Emergency personnel will check the stairwells and elevator lobbies for those who are trapped.
- Don't be afraid to let others know when you need assistance.
- Before giving assistance to a person with disabilities. ask the person how you can help.
- 1. When the building evacuation alarm sounds, or when you are told to leave by a designated emergency official, collect your belongings, walk quickly to the nearest marked exit and ask others to do the same.
- 2. Close, but do not lock, doors as you leave.
- 3. Once you are outside:
  - Move clear of the building allowing others to exit.
  - Move to your assigned safe assembly area as designated on the evacuation maps, or at least 100 feet from the building.
  - Do not block any roads or fire lanes and stay out of the way of emergency vehicles.
  - Do not leave the area without informing the designated building administrator/floor captain.
- 4. Do not return to an evacuated building until advised by emergency personnel

# **LOCKOUT**

Lockout – A low-level preventative measure where there exists a low to moderate danger to the campus community. This response would typically occur when there is an external incident that poses a potential threat to the safety of the campus, such as:

- A civil disturbance
- A crime being committed in the immediate vicinity of the campus
- Potential for or ongoing violent situation exterior to a campus building
- External threats to the institution

When a Lockout is called all exterior doors to the building/area will be secured. Activities within the building/area may continue as usual. If you are outside of a building and are unable to enter, leave the area immediately and seek a safe location off campus. No one is to enter or leave the building area until the Lockout has been declared "All Clear".

# **LOCKDOWN**

Lockdown – A high - level more aggressive security response to an active major/serious situation that poses an imminent threat to public safety. Typically, these threats have already entered or are very near a building perimeter. In addition to the security protocol discussed above under Lockout, the following procedures are to be implemented:

- Seek shelter in interior securable space
- Lock and/or barricade doors
- Close window coverings if any
- Turn off lights in the room/area
- Stay calm, quiet and out of sight
- Silence cell phones (after calling 911 if it is safe to do so)
- Stay away from windows
- Remain in the secured location until the "All Clear" is given by law enforcement or Campus Safety
- Do not respond to a fire alarm unless you see flames or smell smoke
- If you are not able to enter a building because it has already been locked, leave the area immediately and seek a safe location off campus.

# SHELTER-IN-PLACE

To Shelter-In-Place becomes necessary when external conditions make it unsafe to leave a building, but where locking down in a building/classroom is not necessary. Typical types of situations where a Shelter-In-Place would be activated would include a hazardous material spill or other dangerous event near a building or a severe weather condition.

### In cases involving external hazardous material spills:

- 1. Close all windows and doors.
- 2. If possible, close or block all heating and air conditioning vents.
- 3. If available, use tape to seal around windows.
- 4. Use rags, towels, or articles of clothing to seal around doors.
- 5. Call Campus Safety at 208.732.6605 for additional guidance.
- 6. Remain in the sheltered area until an "All Clear" is given.

### In cases of severe weather event:

- 1. Leave doors open.
- 2. Close windows, if so equipped, if it is safe to do so.
- 3. Stay as far away as possible from glass windows or walls.
- 4. Remain inside the building until an "All Clear" is received.

# EMERGENCY & OTHER IMPORTANT NUMBERS

# **EMERGENCIES: CALL 911**

# **CSI CAMPUS SAFETY: 208-732-6605**

ASSISTANCE / RESOURCE	PHONE NUMBER	WEBSITE
Centers for Disease Control	800.232.4636	cdc.gov
Counseling Services: for Students	208.732.6684	jzaccone@csi.edu
Crisis Center	855.737.1128	www.crisisidaho.com
Dean of Students	208.732.6225	jostrowski@csi.edu
Human Resources	208.732.6271	hr.csi.edu
Family Health Services	208.734.0451	www.fhsid.org
Idaho Coalition Against Sexual & Domestic Violence	208.384.0419	idvsa.org
Idaho Department of Environmental Quality	208.373.0204	deq.idaho.gov
Idaho Department of Health and Welfare		healthandwelfare.idaho.gov
Idaho Suicide Prevention Hotline	800.273.8255	idahosuicideprevention.org
National Weather Service		weather.gov
Physician's Immediate Care	208.736.7422	
Report a Concern		www.csi.edu (bottom right hand corner)
South Central District Health	208.737.5900	phd5.idaho.gov/
The National Domestic Violence Hotline	800.799.7233	thehotline.org
The National Sexual Assault Hotline	800.656.4673	rainn.org
Twin Falls Police Department	208.735.4357	tfid.org/186/Police